## Information sheet for the course Hospital Hygiene

University: Alexander Dubček University of	fTrenčín						
Faculty: Faculty of Health Care							
Course unit code: NemHyg/e	Course unit title: Hospital Hygiene						
<b>Type of course unit:</b> <i>compulsory</i>							
Planned types, learning activities and teacl	hing methods:						
Lecture: 2 hours weekly/26 hours per semeste	er of study; full-time						
Seminar: 1 hour weekly/13 hours per semester of study; full-time							
Supervised practice output: 2 hours weekly/26 hours per semester of study;							
Number of credits: 3							
<b>Recommended semester:</b> 7 <sup>th</sup> semester in the 4 <sup>th</sup> year (part-time)							
Degree of study: I (bachelor)							
Course prerequisites: none							
Assessment methods:							
The student will acquire 100 points per semester							
- writing an essay on the designated topic writing (25 points)							
- oral examination (75 points)							
Score:							
100 – 90 points – A							
89 – 80 points – B							
79-70 points – C							
69-60 points – D							
59-50 points – E							
49 and fewer points - FX							
Learning outcomes of the course unit:							
Student:							
1. acquires basic knowledge of hospital epidemiology,							
2. can describe the characteristics of the ma	in types of nosocomial infections (NI), their agents						
and formulate measures against the outbre							
3. is able to analyze different types of nosocomial infections, possible mechanisms of							
transmission and propose possible measures to prevent them.							
	the performance of surveillance NN in the hospital.						
Course contents:							
Lectures:							
	division, history. Hospital epidemiology, scope of						
•	f prevention of nosocomial infections as part of a						
patient safety program.							
	epidemic process of nosocomial infections, specific						
and non-specific transfer factors.							
3. The principal cause of nosocomial infe- characteristics, principles prophylactic use	ections, their microbiological and epidemiological e of antibiotics, antibiotic resistance forms.						
4. Risk factors for the development and spread of nosocomial infections. Team for the prevention and control of healthcare associated infections, its role in addressing the epidemic occurrence,							
development and deployment of surveillar	nce monia associated with the AEI, Gastrointestinal tract						
infections	noma associated with the AEI, Gastronitestillal flact						

6. Types of NI - blood infections and bloodstream infections associated with central and

peripheral catheters, urinary tract infections.

7. Types of NN - infection at the surgical site (surface, deep, organ), preventive measures: the preoperative preparation, during surgery and postoperative care. Spatial and operational specifications of the operating room.

- 8. Types of NI newborn and maternal infections, infections of the skin and mucous membranes, burns, infections and bedsores, fungal infections, and other infections.
- 9. Surveillance of nosocomial infections prevalence and incidence studies.
- 10. Decontamination of medical devices, Introduction, definitions, principles of cleansing.
- 11. Disinfection types of disinfectants, hands disinfection of healthcare workers, disinfection of small and large surfaces, disinfection of medical devices, the principles of endoscopy, decontamination of medical devices a high- level disinfection
- 12. Sterilization of medical devices: presterilization preparation, packaging and labeling, sterilization, storage and transport sterilized medical devices, testing of medical devices, physical, chemical and biological systems. Central sterilization.
- 13. Occupational exposure of healthcare workers to physical, chemical and biological agents at work, the risk of occupational diseases, preventive measures, including vaccination.

#### Seminars:

- 1. Practical exercise the diagnosis of different types of NI definitions created by ECDC.
- 2. Model situation implementation of point prevalence survey of nosocomial infections, patient filling this form, determine the prevalence of nosocomial infections and antibioticň consumption.
- 3. Model situation implementation of retrospective study NI monitoring in the Intensive Care Unit (ICU) or Department of Anesthesiology and Intensive Care (DAIC). The calculation of the cumulative incidence and incidental density.
- 4. Model situation solution nosocomial outbreaks of diarrhea caused by Cl. difficile, draft antiepidemic measures.
- 5. Model situation solution incidence of nosocomial infections caused by MRSA, the draft anti epidemic measures.
- 6. Quality control of cleansing detecting the presence of residues of proteins and blood metal toolkit. Preparation of expert opinion for medical staff departments in the preparation of positive results.
- 7. Check the sterilization process hot air sterilizer, a steam sterilizer, using physical, chemical and biological control systems, filling in the cover letter, sample culturing biological tests, evaluation of physical parameters and chemical indicators, the establishment of the Protocol on sterilization. Development of the draft order prohibiting the use of sterilization techniques for finding malfunctioning. (Exercise will be conducted in a microbiological laboratory of the Faculty).
- 8. Monitoring the effectiveness of chemical disinfection methods, microbiological methods sampling disinfectant to verify the effectiveness of hospital pathogens.
- 9. Hand hygiene of healthcare workers, practice proper technique hand disinfection, control coping techniques fluorescence method. Draft standard for hand hygiene.
- 10.Assessment of project documentation operating room, selected hospital departments, outpatient facilities, preparation of expert opinion.
- 11. Rehearsal hand hygiene
- 12. Individual training presentations.

13. Presentation of the work.

### **Recommended of required reading:**

- 1. *ŠTEFKOVIČOVÁ, M.* a kol. 2007. *Dezinfekcia a sterilizácia* teória a prax II. Žilina: Vrana, 2007, 164 s. ISBN 978-80-968248-3-0
- 2. MAĎAR, R., ŠTEFKOVIČOVÁ, M. 2004. Nemocničné infekcie vybrané kapitoly. Banská

Bystrica: Agentúra Dumas, 2004, 141s. ISBN 80-968999-1-0

- 3. ŠŘÁMOVÁ, H. 1995. Nozokomiální nákazy I. Maxdorf, Praha 1995, 224 s. ISBN 80-85912-00-7
- 4. *ŠRÁMOVÁ, H.* 2001 *Nozokomiální nákazy* II. Maxdorf, Praha 2001, 303 s. ISBN 80-85912-25-2
- 5. MAĎAR, R., PODSTATOVÁ, J., ŘEHOŘOVÁ. 2006. Prevence nozokomiálních nákaz v klinické praxi. 1. vydání. Praha: Grada, 2006. 176 s. ISBN 80-247-1673-9.
- 6. MAYHALL, C.G. et al. 2004. Hospital epidemiology and infection control. Philadelphia, 2004.
- 7. PODSTATOVÁ, HANA. Základy epidemiologie a hygieny. 1. vyd. Praha : Galén, 2009. ISBN 978-80-7262-597-0.
- 8. ŠTEFKOVIČOVÁ, M., LITVOVÁ, S.: Nozokomiálne nákazy v slovenských nemocniciach. Žilina: Zdravé stránky s.r.o. 2013. 96 s. ISBN 978-80-971480-0-3.

# Language: Slovak

## **Remarks:**

Evaluation history: Number of evaluated students							
А	В	С	D	E	FX		

Lectures: doc. MUDr. Mária Štefkovičová, PhD., MPH.

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Supervisor: doc. MUDr. Mária Štefkovičová, PhD., MPH.